

Class

Name

Unit 1

A. Target Words

canine: *n.* a dog or animal of the dog family / 개, 개의 가족

companion: *n.* a person or animal you spend time with or enjoy being with / 동반자

critic: *n.* a person who gives opinions about books, movies, or other forms of art / 비평가

curate: *v.* to select and organize items for other people to enjoy / 기획하다

curator: *n.* one manage a museum, library, ect. / 큐레이터

engaging: *adj.* interesting in a way that attracts one's attention / 매력적인

enthusiasm: *n.* strong excitement and energy about something / 열정

overwhelming: *adj.* very strong or large in effect, number, etc. / 압도적인

professional: *n.* a person with a job that requires special education, training, or skill / 전문직 종사자

propose: *v.* to suggest something (such as a plan) to a person or group of people to consider / 제안하다

title: *v.* to give a name or title to / 제목을 붙이다

typical: *adj.* like most people or things of the same type; normal / 전형적인

B. Extra Words

agree: *v.* to have the same opinion as someone / 동의하다

allow: *v.* to say that someone can do something / 허락하다

attend: *v.* to go to an event / 참석하다

exhibition: *n.* an event at which things such as paintings are shown to the public / 전시회

fellow: *n.* used to describe people with the same interests or situation / 동료

idea: *n.* an opinion or belief / 생각, 아이디어

interact: *v.* to talk and do things with other people / 상호작용하다

place: *v.* to put something somewhere carefully / (~을) 놓다

surprise: *v.* to make someone feel surprise / 놀래키다

trust: *v.* to believe that someone is good and honest and will not harm you / 믿다

Unit 2

A. Target Words

adaptation: *n.* a change or adjustment to the environment / 각색, 적응

appendage: *n.* a part projecting from the body of an animal / 부속물

bizarre: *adj.* very unexpectedly strange / 특이한, 기이한

camouflage: *v.* to hide something by making it look like the background / 속이다, 위장하다

creature: *n.* any living thing that is not a plant; an animal / 생명

dorsal: *adj.* on or relating to the back / 등에 있는
lethal: *adj.* capable of causing death / 치명적인
millennium: *n.* a period of 1,000 years (pl. millennia) / 천 년
mottled: *adj.* having spots or streaks / 얼룩덜룩한
spine: *n.* a long, sharp point on a plant or on an animal's body / 척추
toxic: *adj.* poisonous / 유독성의
venomous: *adj.* poisonous / 독이 있는

B. Extra Words

carry: *v.* to have something with you all the time / ~을 가지고 다니다
evolution: *n.* the way in which living things gradually change and develop overtime / 진화
existence: *n.* the fact of something or someone existing / 존재
explanation: *n.* the details or reasons that someone gives to make something clear to understand / 설명
living: *adj.* alive now / 살아 있는
occur: *v.* to happen, often without being planned / ~가 발생하다
predator: *n.* an animal that hunts, kills, and eats other animals / 포식자
rainforest: *n.* a forest with a lot of tall trees where it rains a lot / 열대 우림
resemble: *v.* to look like or be like someone or something / 닮다
structure: *n.* the way that parts of something are arranged or put together / 구조

Unit 3

A. Target Words

aroma: *n.* a smell, scent, or odor / 아로마
bulb: *n.* the round, underground part of some plants / 구근
culinary: *adj.* related to cooking / 요리의
cultivate: *v.* to prepare land and use for growing plants / 경작하다
distributor: *n.* a company or country who supplies goods to others / 배급업자
harsh: *adj.* difficult or severe / 가혹한
heal: *v.* to make healthy or well again / 치료하다
originally: *adv.* having begun or happened first / 본래
producer: *n.* a company or country that grows or makes a product / 생산자
slave: *n.* a person who is owned by others as though property / 노예
vampire: *n.* a mythical blood-sucking monster that was once human / 흡혈귀
wreath: *n.* a circular arrangement of flowers and plants as a decoration / 화관

B. Extra Words

condition: *n.* the state that something or someone is in / 상태
infection: *n.* a disease that is caused by bacteria or viruses / 감염

ingredient: *n.* one of the different foods that a particular type of food is made from / 재료
medicinal: *adj.* curable / 약효가 있는
popularity: *n.* the quality of being liked by many people / 인기, 인지도
section: *n.* one of the parts that something is divided into / 구획
spread: *v.* to arrange something so that it covers a large area / 퍼트리다
survive: *v.* to continue to live after almost dying because of an accident, illness, etc. / 살아남다
treatment: *n.* something that you do to try to cure an illness or injury / 치료
wound: *n.* an injury / 상처

Unit 4

A. Target Words

casualty: *n.* a person injured or killed in a war or accident / 사상자, 피해자
compress: *v.* to press or squeeze / 압축하다
emergency: *n.* an unexpected and difficult or dangerous situation / 비상
ensure: *v.* to make certain / 반드시 ...하게하다, 보장하다
expose: *v.* to cause to be visible / 노출시키다
external: *adj.* on the outside of / 외부의
injury: *n.* damage done to a living body / 부상
limit: *v.* to restrict the boundaries / 제한하다
preserve: *v.* to take action to protect from damage / 지키다, 보존하다
professional: *adj.* highly trained and skilled / 직업상의
recovery: *n.* the act or process of returning to a healthy condition / 회복
resuscitation: *n.* the act of reviving a person from unconsciousness / 소생

B. Extra Words

appropriate: *adj.* right for a particular situation or person / 적절한
assistance: *n.* help / 지원
choke: *v.* to stop breathing because something is in your throat / 질식하다
correct: *adj.* accurate, or having no mistakes / 정확한
first aid: *n.* basic help that a person who is not a doctor can give to a person who is sick or hurt / 응급처치
indication: *n.* a sign showing that something exists or is true / 표시
oncoming: *adj.* moving towards you or coming nearer / 다가오는
promote: *v.* to palpate / 촉진하다
survey: *v.* to look at or examine something carefully / 점검하다
unstable: *adj.* not solid and firm and therefore not strong, safe, or likely to last / 불안정한

Unit 5

A. Target Words

destruction: *n.* serious damage / 파괴

ecosystem: *n.* all the living things existing with each other in a particular environment / 생태계
establish: *v.* to start something new / 설립하다
global warming: *n.* a gradual increase in world temperatures that are sufficient to cause climatic change / 지구온난화
invasive species: *n.* a type of plant or animal that comes from a different area and takes over the local ecosystem, often killing or harming native plants or animals / 침입종
marine: *adj.* found or living in the ocean / 바다의
miniscule: *adj.* extremely small / 극소의
overfishing: *n.* the act of catching so many fish that the species is put in danger of extinction / 남획
regulation: *n.* a rule or law that is put in place and monitored by someone in authority / 규제
teem: *v.* to completely fill; to abound / 충만하다
tremendous: *adj.* extremely large or very serious / 엄청난
waste disposal: *n.* the act of getting rid of trash or waste products from a factory / 폐기물 처리

B. Extra Words

count on: *phrase v.* to be certain that you can depend on someone / 믿다
creature: *n.* anything that lives but is not a plant / 생물
depletion: *n.* a reduction in something / 고갈, 소모
endangered: *adj.* used to describe animals and plants that may soon disappear from the world because there are very few left alive / 위험에 처한
fill: *v.* to make a container or space full, or to become full / 채우다
pesticide: *n.* a chemical substance used to kill harmful insects, small animals, wildplants, and other unwanted organisms / 살충제
pollution: *n.* damage caused to water, air, etc. by dirty or harmful substances / 오염
practice: *v.* to do something again and again in order to get better at it / 연습하다
protect: *v.* to keep someone or something safe from something dangerous or bad / 보호하다
vast: *adj.* very big / 엄청난

Unit 6

A. Target Words

architect: *n.* one who designs the construction of buildings / 건축가
cenotaph: *n.* a structure built to honor someone buried elsewhere / 기념비
chamber: *n.* a room / 방
commission: *v.* to hire; to agree to pay money in exchange for work / 임관시키다
construct: *v.* to build / 건설하다
distressed: *adj.* feeling extreme sorrow, suffering, or trouble / 괴로워 하는
dome: *n.* a large roof that is partially spherical / 돔, 반구형 지붕
elaborate: *adj.* having very complicated detail / 정교한
heritage: *n.* the customs, beliefs, traditions, etc. of a group or nation / 유산

mausoleum: n. a building that contains the grave of a rich person / (중요 인물 · 가문의) 묘

reflect: v. to throw back light or heat / 반사하다

tribute: n. something done to show admiration for another / 헌사, 헌정

B. Extra Words

beloved: adj. loved very much / 사랑 받는

complete: v. to finish doing or making something / 완료하다

distant: adj. far away in space or time / 먼

electric: adj. using or giving electricity / 전기의

emperor: n. a male ruler of an empire / 황제

empress: v. the female ruler, or the wife of a male ruler, of an empire / 여황제

glimpse: adj. a look at something or someone for a very short time / 언뜻 봄

site: n. an area that is used for something or where something happens / 부지

tomb: n. a place where a dead person is buried / 무덤

transport: v. a vehicle or system of vehicles for getting from one place to another / 교통

Unit 7

A. Target Words

archetype: n. a typical example of a particular kind / 전형

crime: n. an illegal act / 범죄

detective: n. a professional who must discover who was part of a crime / 탐정

fictional: adj. occurring in stories but not in real life / 허구적인

genre: n. a type, or category, of story / 장르

intimate: adj. friendly / 친밀한

investigation: n. a close examination / 수사

murder: n. the intentional and illegal killing of a person / 살인

popularize: v. to make popular / 대중화하다

private: adj. relating to an individual person / 사유의, 개인적인

solve: v. to find a solution or an answer / 해결하다

unforgettable: adj. very special or unusual, and therefore difficult to forget; memorable / 잊을 수 없는

B. Extra Words

enjoy: v. to like something that you are doing / 즐기다

famous: adj. known by many people / 유명한

film: n. a story that is shown in moving pictures on a screen / 영화

introduce: v. to make something exist or happen for the first time / 도입하다

involve: v. to make someone be part of an activity or process / 관련하다

novelist: n. a person who writes novels / 소설가

produce: v. to control how a movie, play, programme, or musical recording is made / 제작하다

range: n. a group of different things of the same general type / 다양성

regard: *v.* to think of someone or something in a particular way / 간주하다

successful: *adj.* having a good result / 성공한

Unit 8

A. Target Words

accurate: *adj.* free from mistakes / 정확한

anonymous: *adj.* made or done by someone who is not named or identified / 무명의, 익명의

confident: *adj.* sure; certain; without doubts / 자신감 있는

currency: *n.* a specific kind of money, such as the money that a country uses / 통화

financial: *adj.* having to do with money / 금융의

method: *n.* a way of doing something; a procedure / 방식

possibility: *n.* an opportunity to develop in a successful way / 가능성

system: *n.* a group of related parts, objects, or units that move or work together / 시스템

tainted: *adj.* spoiled or contaminated and no longer safe to consume / 더럽혀진

transaction: *n.* a business deal, such as the exchanging of funds, goods, or services / 거래, 매매

ultimately: *adv.* In the end, or after a period of time / 궁극적으로

virtual: *adj.* existing on a computer or a computer network / 가상의

B. Extra Words

bank: *n.* a place where you can keep or borrow money / 은행

buyer: *n.* someone who buys something expensive, such as a house / 구매자

exist: *v.* to be real or present / 존재하다

expert: *n.* someone who has a lot of skill in something or a lot of knowledge about something / 전문가

impossible: *adj.* not able to happen / 불가능한

mistakenly: *adv.* wrongly / 실수로

save: *v.* to keep money so that you can buy something with it in the future / 저축하다

shipment: *n.* a large amount of goods sent together to a place, or the act of sending them / 수송

trace: *v.* to find someone or something that was lost / 추적하다

track: *v.* to follow a person or animal / -을 따라가다

Unit 9

A. Target Words

attentive: *adj.* paying careful attention; listening carefully / 주의를 기울이는

conductor: *n.* a person who manages passengers on a train / 지휘자

improve: *v.* to make better / 개선되다

infuriate: *v.* to make very angry / 극도로 화나게 만들다

patent: *n.* a legal paper proving ownership of a technology or idea / 특허권

perspiration: *n.* sweat; moisture that forms on skin because of work or heat / 땀

phonograph: *n.* a record player / 축음기

prolific: *adj.* producing a large number of works / 다작하는

relevant: *adj.* relating in a suitable way / 관련 있는

solitary: *adj.* alone or lonely / 혼자 하는

telegraphy: *n.* a system of communication by means of the telegraph / 전신

transmitter: *n.* a device used to transmit radio or television signals / 전송기

B. Extra Words

blame: *v.* blame someone for something / -에게 -에 대해 비난하다

deafness: *n.* the state of being deaf / 귀머거리

educate: *v.* to teach someone at a school or college / 가르치다

inspiration: *n.* someone or something that gives you ideas for doing something / 영감

inventor: *n.* someone who designs and makes new things / 발명가

lifetime: *n.* the period of time that someone is alive / 수명

mechanical: *adj.* relating to or operated by machines / 기계의

protect: *v.* to keep someone or something safe from something dangerous or bad / 보호하다

railway: *n.* the metal tracks that trains travel on / 철로

scientific: *adj.* relating to science / 과학적인

Unit 10

A. Target Words

account: *n.* a detailed description of events / 설명, 해석

banquet: *n.* a grand formal dinner with many guests and foods / 연회, 만찬

chef: *n.* a person who cooks and prepares food for others / 요리사

confection: *n.* a sweet food that someone has made / 당과 제품

dessert: *n.* a usually sweet dish served at the end of a main meal / 디저트

evolve: *v.* to develop gradually / 발달하다

freezer: *n.* a container kept very cold to store food and ice / 냉동고

frozen: *adj.* cold enough to be solid / 냉동된

inaugurate: *v.* to bring about the start of something / 취임하게 하다

mass production: *n.* the process of producing large quantities usually by using machinery / 대량생산

myth: *n.* a story or explanation that is believed by many but is likely not true / 신화

recipe: *n.* the instructions for preparing a dish / 레시피

B. Extra Words

ancient: *adj.* from a very long time ago / 고대의

beginning: *n.* the start of something / 초반

civilization: *n.* the way that people live together, with laws to control their behaviour, education, and a government / 문명

commercial: *adj.* relating to buying and selling things / 상업적인
modern: *adj.* relating to the present time and not to the past / 근대의
perfect: *v.* to make something as good as it can be / 완성하다
return: *n.* the act of going or coming back to a place where you were before / 복귀
royal: *adj.* relating to a queen or king and their family / 왕실의
spread: *v.* to arrange something so that it covers a large area / 퍼뜨리다
stir: *v.* to mix food or liquid by moving a spoon round and round in it / 젓다

Unit 11

A. Target Words

adversity: *n.* a difficult situation or set of circumstances / 역경
alien: *n.* a person or thing from another planet / 외계인
classic: *adj.* something that is well-known and popular for a long time / 대표적인, 전형적인
feature: *v.* to give someone or something an important part or focus / 특징으로 삼다
gangster: *n.* a member of an organized gang of criminals / 폭력배
gritty: *adj.* showing things realistically, without making them look better than they are / 불쾌한 현실을 그대로 보여주는
in the course of: *exp.* during a specific time or while something else is happening / ...동안
reality: *n.* the way that a situation actually is, not fantasy / 현실
sarcastic: *adj.* using a form of humor where you say the opposite of what you really mean / 비꼬는
sequel: *n.* a movie or book that continues the story of the one before it / 속편
tragic: *adj.* causing great sadness and suffering / 비극적인
witness: *v.* to see something happen, especially a crime / 목격하다

B. Extra Words

amuse: *v.* to make someone smile or laugh / -를 즐겁게 하다
crime: *n.* something someone does that is illegal / 범죄
famous: *adj.* known by many people / 유명한
humorous: *adj.* funny, or making you laugh / 익살스러운
hunting: *n.* a search for something or someone / 사냥
murder: *n.* the crime of killing someone / 살인
neighbor: *n.* someone who lives very near you, especially in the next house / 이웃
overcome: *v.* to deal with and control a problem or feeling / 극복하다
realistic: *adj.* showing things and people as they really are, or making them seem to be real / 현실적인
tale: *n.* a story about exciting events, sometimes one that is not true / 이야기

Unit 12

A. Target Words

bark: *n.* the tough material covering the outside of trees / 나무껍질

combination: *n.* a mixture / 조합, 결합

cut down: *phrasal v.* to remove a tree by cutting through its trunk / 축소

enormous: *adj.* very large / 엄청난, 막대한

environmental: *adj.* relating to the environment / 환경의

fiber: *n.* a thin piece of some natural material / 섬유질

mill: *n.* a building used for manufacturing / 공장

origami: *n.* the art of folding paper into models of creatures / 종이접기

pastime: *n.* a fun activity that makes time pass happily / 취미

seismograph: *n.* a tool for measuring and recording earthquakes / 지진계

solution: *n.* the answer to a problem / 해결법

technique: *n.* the specific way something is done / 기법

B. Extra Words

adopt: *v.* to start doing or using something new / 새로운 것을 취하다

among: *prep.* in the middle of a group / -중에

compass: *n.* a piece of equipment that shows you which direction you are going in / 나침반

gunpowder: *n.* an explosive mixture of substances in the form of a powder, used for making explosive devices and fireworks / 화약

invention: *n.* something that has been designed or made for the first time / 발명품

netting: *n.* material in the form of a net / 그물 모양 제재

practice: *v.* to do something again and again in order to get better at it / 연습하다

process: *n.* a series of changes that happen naturally / 과정

quantity: *n.* the amount or number of something / 양

substance: *n.* a solid, liquid, or gas / 물질

Unit 13

A. Target Words

bomb: *v.* to drop bombs on / 폭격하다

ceramics: *n.* art made with ceramic, a kind of cooked clay / 도예

Cubism: *n.* a style of modern art characterized by the depiction of natural forms as geometric shapes / 입체파

depict: *v.* to show; to describe / 그리다, 묘사하다

discussion: *n.* a conversation / 논의, 상의

dominate: *v.* to strongly control or influence / 지배하다

inspire: *v.* to influence or give creativity to / 고무하다

outstanding: *adj.* amazing; noteworthy for excellence / 뛰어난

previous: *adj.* before; earlier / 이전의

recognize: *v.* to acknowledge; to state / 인지하다

sculpture: *n.* art produced by carving or shaping a material into a figure / 조각상

studio: *n.* the place artists use to create their work / 스튜디오

B. Extra Words

achievement: *n.* something good that you have done that was difficult / 업적

admit: *v.* to agree that you did something bad, or that something bad is true / 인정하다

attract: *v.* to make people come to a place or do a particular thing / 끌어들이다

drawing: *n.* a picture made with a pencil or pen / 그림

equally: *adv.* fairly and in the same way / 똑같이

influence: *n.* the power to change people or things / 영향력

painting: *n.* a picture that someone has painted / 그림

produce: *v.* to make or grow something / 생산하다

prolific: *adj.* producing a great number or amount of something / 다작하는

reference: *n.* the act of looking at something to get information / 참조

Unit 14

A. Target Words

cheap: *adj.* inexpensive; costing very little / 저렴한

deposit: *n.* a natural buildup that remains after a geological process / 퇴적

durable: *adj.* tough and able to last a long time; resistant to wear / 내구성이 있는

igneous: *adj.* rock formed by volcanic activity / 화성암의

industrial: *adj.* relating to industry / 산업의

invincible: *adj.* cannot be defeated / 천하무적의

jewelry: *n.* ornaments people wear, such as rings or necklaces / 보석류

mine: *v.* to dig in order to find and take away coal or another substance / 채굴하다

significant: *adj.* important / 중요한

source: *n.* the place from which something comes / 원천

sparkle: *v.* to shine with a lot of very small points of light / 반짝이다

volcanic: *adj.* relating to or coming from a volcano / 화산의

B. Extra Words

chemical: *adj.* relating to chemistry or chemicals / 화학의

cost: *n.* the amount of money that you need to buy or do something / 비용

development: *n.* the action of someone or something changing and becoming better / 발달

grain: *n.* a seed from types of grass that are eaten as food / 알갱이

hardness: *n.* the quality of being firm and solid, or not easy to bend, cut, or break / 강도

magnificent: *adj.* very good or very beautiful / 훌륭한

purpose: *n.* why you do something or why something exists / 목적

split: *v.* to share something by dividing it into smaller parts / 나누다

surface: *n.* the top or outside part of something / 표면

vary: *v.* to be different or various / 다양하다

Unit 15

A. Target Words

chronological: *adj.* described or shown in the order of occurrence, according to time / 연대순으로

commandment: *n.* a rule that must be obeyed / 계명

compile: *v.* to collect and put together / 엮다

faith: *n.* strong feeling of trust or confidence in someone or something / 믿음

memory: *n.* a past event or condition that is remembered / 기억

omit: *v.* to leave out; to not include / 빠뜨리다

prophet: *n.* a person who is believed to deliver messages of a god / 선지자

recite: *v.* to repeat or read aloud / 암송하다

revelation: *n.* the act of revealing divine truth / 폭로

revere: *v.* to respect and admire greatly / 숭배하다

sacred: *adj.* having a close special connection to a god or religion / 성스러운

throughout: *prep.* during a period of time / ...동안 죽, 내내

B. Extra Words

commonly: *adv.* often or usually / 흔히

identical: *adj.* exactly the same / 같은, 동일한

interpretation: *n.* an explanation or opinion of what something means / 통역

law: *n.* an official rule in a country / 법

record: *v.* information that is written on paper or stored on a computer so that it can be used in the future / 기록하다

religion: *n.* the belief in a god or gods, or a particular system of belief in a god or gods / 종교

scholar: *n.* someone who has studied a subject and knows a lot about it / 학자

script: *n.* the words of a movie, play, or speech / 각본, 대본

vowel: *n.* a speech sound that you make with your lips and teeth open / 모음

warning: *n.* something that tells or shows you that something bad may happen / 경고

Unit 16

A. Target Words

archaeologist: *n.* someone who studies human prehistory and history / 고고학자

archivist: *n.* a person who collects, sorts, and cares for historical records / 기록자

artifact: *n.* an object that is associated with a particular past culture / 인공물

consult: *v.* to request assistance or the opinion of / 상담하다

historian: *n.* someone who studies the past / 사학자
institution: *n.* an important organization like a university, church, or bank / 기관
microfilm: *n.* a film on which photographs or printed materials are stored / 마이크로필름
orally: *adv.* by the mouth (by talking) / 구두로, 입을 통해서
papyrus: *n.* a type of paper made from papyrus plants and used in ancient Egypt / 파피루스
resource: *n.* a place or method to get information or help / 출처
tribe: *n.* a group of people sharing lineage, language, and culture / 부족
wealth: *n.* a lot of valuable objects or money / 재산

B. Extra Words

actual: *adj.* real, and not guessed or imagined / 사실상의
avoid: *v.* to stay away from a person or place / -을 피하다
chronological: *adj.* following the order in which a series of events happened / 연대순의
describe: *v.* to say what someone or something is like / 묘사하다
interesting: *adj.* keeping your attention / 흥미 있는
isolate: *v.* to separate something from other things with which it is connected or mixed / 고립된
knowledge: *n.* information and understanding that you have in your mind / 지식
limit: *v.* to control something so that it is less than a particular amount or number / 제한하다
present: *n.* the period of time that is happening now / 현재
ruin: *v.* to spoil or destroy something / 망치다

Unit 17

A. Target Words

abbreviate: *v.* to make shorter, especially a word / 줄여 쓰다
associate: *v.* to relate or connect in some way / 연관하다
circulate: *v.* to pass from person to person / 순환하다
desperate: *adj.* urgent; having little or no hope / 자포자기한
empire: *n.* a large territory over which there is a single ruler / 제국
independent: *adj.* not needing another for help or assistance / 독립적인
mint: *v.* to make coins or medals / 주조하다
originate: *v.* to come from / 유래되다
proximity: *n.* closeness; a nearby area / 가까움, 근접
simplification: *n.* the act of making simpler or reducing to basic elements / 단순화
superimpose: *v.* to place one thing over something else, making one mixed image / 겹쳐 놓다
theory: *n.* a belief or idea about something / 이론

B. Extra Words

accept: *v.* to take something that someone offers you / 받아 들이다

coin: *n.* a flat, round piece of metal used as money / 동전

concerning: *prep.* about something / -에 관하여

currency: *n.* the units of money used in a particular country / 화폐 단위

disagreement: *n.* a situation in which people have a different opinion about something or have an argument / 의견 충돌

gain: *v.* to get something good / 얻다

importance: *n.* how important someone or something is / 중요성

particular: *adj.* used to talk about one thing or person and not others / 특정한

retain: *v.* to continue to keep something / 보유하다

widely: *adv.* including a lot of different places, people, subjects, etc. / 널리

Unit 18

A. Target Words

contribute: *v.* to give money or help / 기부하다

fortunate: *adj.* lucky / 운 좋은

generous: *adj.* freely giving time or money; tending to share or help / 후한, 넉넉한

globally: *adv.* all over the world / 전세계적으로

intention: *n.* a planned action; a purpose / 의도

literally: *adv.* in the most basic meaning of a word / 말 그대로

meaningful: *adj.* serious and important / 의미 있는

obligation: *n.* a duty; an action that must be done / 의무

pledge: *v.* to make a formal promise to do something, such as giving money / 약속하다, 맹세하다

strategic: *adj.* carefully planned / 전략상 중요한

vulnerable: *adj.* capable of being physically, emotionally, or mentally hurt / 취약한

well-being: *n.* a feeling of being healthy and happy / 행복, 웰빙

B. Extra Words

achieve: *v.* to succeed in doing something difficult / -를 이루다

decrease: *v.* to become less, or to make something become less / 줄어들다

education: *n.* teaching and learning in a school or college / 교육

figure: *n.* a symbol for a number / 수치

focus: *v.* to adjust something, such as a camera, so that the picture is clear / 초점을 맞추다

founder: *n.* someone who establishes an organization / 설립자

health: *n.* the condition of your body / 건강

improve: *v.* to get better or to make something better / 향상시키다

poverty: *n.* the state of being very poor / 가난

translate: *v.* to change words from one language to another / 번역하다

Unit 19

A. Target Words

accuracy: *n.* the state of being correct, or free from error / 정확도

appalling: *adj.* terrible and shocking / 끔찍한

astride: *adv.* being partially on either side of something / 양쪽에 걸친

crevasse: *n.* a deep crack in rock or ice / 빙하 속의 깊이 갈라진 틈

crust: *n.* an outer layer; Earth's solid outer layer / 지표면

devastating: *adj.* causing great damage or harm / 대단히 파괴적인

erupt: *v.* to burst forth; to move quickly out of / 분출하다

evacuate: *v.* to send people away from a dangerous place / 대피시키다

foundation: *n.* the layer of concrete that a structure is built on / 토대

frequent: *adj.* occurring often / 잦은, 빈번한

potentially: *adv.* having the possibility of happening / 잠재적으로

predict: *v.* to say in advance what will happen / 예측하다

B. Extra Words

beneath: *prep.* under something, or in a lower position than something / 밑에

damage: *n.* harm or injury / 피해, 손해

disaster: *n.* a very bad situation, especially something that causes a lot of harm or damage / 재난

massive: *adj.* very big / 거대한

neighborhood: *n.* an area of a town or city that people live in / 이웃 동네

occur: *v.* to happen, often without being planned / -가 발생하다

pressure: *n.* a force that someone or something is having / 압력

rubble: *n.* pieces of broken bricks from a building that has been destroyed / 돌무더기

scientist: *n.* someone who studies science or works in science / 과학자

volcano: *n.* a mountain with a large hole at the top, through which hot liquid rock and gases are sometimes forced / 화산

Unit 20

A. Target Words

decoration: *n.* something that is added to something to make it look nice / 장식품

design: *n.* the way something is made that gives it a certain look or allows it to work in a certain way / 기획

experiment: *v.* to test new ideas or methods; to do an experiment / 실험하다

experimental: *adj.* using new, unproven ideas or methods / 실험적인

extremely: *adv.* very, to a large degree / 매우

function: *n.* a purpose; an intended use for a tool or procedure / 기능

inventor: *n.* a person who produce something as a profession / 발명가

manufacturer: *n.* a person or company that makes a product to sell / 제조자

multiple: *adj.* more than one; many / 다수의

option: *n.* a choice / 선택

technology: *n.* the practical use of scientific knowledge in industry / 기술

version: *n.* a different form of something / -판

B. Extra Words

automobile: *n.* a vehicle with an engine, four wheels, and seats for a few people / 자동차

drive: *v.* to make a car, bus, or train move, and control what it does / 운전하다

further: *adv.* at or to a place or time that is a longer distance away / 더 멀리

imagine: *v.* to make an idea or picture of something in your mind / 상상하다

item: *n.* a single thing in a set or on a list / 항목

object: *n.* a thing that you can see or touch but is not alive / 물체

remember: *v.* to keep something in your mind, or bring it back into your mind / 기억하다

road: *n.* a long, hard surface built for vehicles to drive on / 길

sale: *n.* the act of selling something / 판매

unusual: *adj.* different and not ordinary, often in a way that is interesting / 흔치 않은