

도도한 Reading 길들이기 기본 1			
Unit 5 ~ 6	실전 모의고사 3회		
	이름:	시간: 40분	점수: / 100점

[1~2] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Ms. Jollie's class was multicultural. One day, she told her students about poor children in Africa. They wanted to help the children. They decided to give them some money. "How can we earn money?" asked May. "Let's have a Food Day," said Brad. "We can make foods from many countries. Let's make signs. When people see the signs, they will come." Everyone in the class made food. Many people came to try the different foods. The class earned some money, and they sent it to the children.

1. 다음 영영 풀이의 의미를 가지는 한 단어를 위 글에서 찾아 쓰시오. (7점)

including people of different nationalities and cultures

2. 졸리 선생님 반 아이들이 음식을 만든 이유는? (5점)

- ① 아프리카의 아이들을 돕기 위해
- ② 건강한 음식 먹기 체험을 위해
- ③ 자신의 문화를 알리기 위해
- ④ 자신의 재능을 쌓기 위해
- ⑤ 음식 축제 준비를 위해

[3~5] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Japan is well known for delicious *ramen*. You can enjoy a lot of *ramen* dishes from soy sauce *ramen* to fish *ramen*. A *ramen* restaurant in Tokyo is especially famous for its interesting *ramen* menus. It serves unique *ramen* dishes ① Yogurt *Ramen*, Chocolate *Ramen*, and Coffee *Ramen*. (A)This is not all: other strange things on the menu include Tomato *Ramen*, Milk *Ramen*, and Hot Cocoa *Ramen*. Recently, the shop invented another interesting menu with ice cream! You may think Ice Cream *Ramen* sounds crazy. However, many people love the new taste. They say the *ramen* is (B)much more delicious and sweet because of vanilla ice cream! Wouldn't you like to try an interesting flavor of *ramen* sometime?

3. 빈칸 ①에 들어갈 말로 적절한 것을 모두 고르시오. (7점)

- ① like ② among ③ out of
- ④ next to ⑤ such as

4. 위 글의 밑줄 친 (A)This is not all: 이 의미하는 바는? (5점)

- ① This is the end of the new menus.
- ② You have another ideas for the menus.
- ③ There are more interesting *ramen* menus.
- ④ This is one of the best menus in the world.
- ⑤ It would be difficult to find another interesting *ramen* menus.

5. 밑줄 친 (B)much와 바꿔 쓸 수 없는 것은?
(5점)

- ① far ② even ③ still
④ very ⑤ a lot

[6~7] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

What are fingerprints? Fingerprints are the lines on the tips of your fingers. They are unique from person to person. There are no two people in the world with the same fingerprints. Other human characteristics change, but your fingerprints (A). If you hurt your finger tip, the skin will grow back with the same fingerprint. Also, fingerprints are easy to see and easy to collect from other objects. So fingerprints are useful to the police. Police solve crimes and find criminals thanks to fingerprints. Like fingerprints, everyone's tongue print is also different!

6. What is the main topic of the passage? (5점)

- ① Using fingerprints in the crime
② The characteristics of fingerprints
③ The reasons for unique fingerprints
④ The way to have beautiful fingerprints
⑤ The importance of believing in your fortune

7. Which word best fits in the blank (A)? (7점)

- ① are hurting
② are growing
③ stay the same
④ are difficult to notice
⑤ include your condition

8. Which sentence does NOT fit the flow of the passage? (7점)

Now, bacon lovers can even wear it every day! How can you wear bacon? ㉠It's easy and simple. ㉡Just buy a bottle of bacon perfume! ㉢It is hard to believe, but recently, 'Bacon in a Bottle' went on sale in the U.S. ㉣It is the world's first bacon perfume. ㉤Bacon is a meat product prepared from a pig. Do you want to try the perfume? Well, then, you have to watch out for hungry dogs on the streets. They may run after you!

- ① ㉠ ② ㉡ ③ ㉢ ④ ㉣ ⑤ ㉤

[9~10] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

William Shakespeare was a playwright. He lived from 1564 to 1616. He lived in Stratford, England. For twenty-five years, he worked in London, England. He owned a theater. He wrote plays and acted in many of them. He wrote historic plays, tragedies, and comedies. (A)그의 가장 유명한 희곡 중 하나 is about doomed young lovers—*Romeo and Juliet*. Another is about a doomed young prince in Denmark—*Hamlet*. There was a movie about Shakespeare. It starred Gwyneth Paltrow and Joseph Fiennes. It won seven Academy Awards.

9. William Shakespeare에 대한 설명으로 일치하지 않는 것은? (5점)

- ① 극작가였다.
② 극장을 소유했다.
③ 본인이 쓴 희곡에서 연극을 했다.
④ 희곡인 Hamlet을 썼다.
⑤ 아카데미상을 수상했다.

10. 위 글의 밑줄 친 (A)와 같은 의미가 되도록 주어진 단어를 배열하십시오. (10점)

(of / most / his / plays / famous / one)

[11~12] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Do you like to cook? Kyrre Johansen loves to. But he does not cook meals in his kitchen. Ten years ago, he began to cook on top of the hot engine of his car! When he takes a long car trip, Johansen often cooks steak or fish. On short trips, he can make hot dogs for his children. It is a strange way to cook, Johansen agrees, but he says, "My meat is so soft, and it tastes so good!" He puts the meat in foil before he cooks it. That way, it does not smell like gas. Johansen is busy. He saves time when he drives and cooks at the same time. When he gets home from work, dinner is ready!

11. What is the best title for the passage? (5점)

- ① How to Prepare a Healthy Meal
- ② How to Save Your Car Cleaning Time
- ③ How to Make Your Husband to Cook
- ④ Your Car, the Great Kitchen
- ⑤ Saving Time for Driving

12. 다음 질문에 대한 답을 20자 이내의 우리말로 쓰시오. (10점)

Q: Why does Kyrre Johansen put the meat in foil before he cooks it?

A: _____.

13. 에스토니아에 관한 설명이 틀린 것은? (5점)

Most Estonians did not have a telephone about twenty years ago. Now Estonia is the first country in the world to introduce Internet voting. The first Internet voting took place in the 2005 local elections. Most people decided to go to voting stations. But 9,317 Estonians (1.9% of all voters) voted on their computers. In the 2007 national election, 5.5% of all voters voted online. In the 2011 election, 24.3% did. The parliament said, "Internet access is a basic human right." Nowadays most Estonians do their banking online.

- ① 약 20년 전에는 전화를 가진 사람들이 많이 없었다.
- ② 인터넷 투표를 세계 최초로 도입했다.
- ③ 처음부터 90% 이상의 사람들이 인터넷 투표에 참여했다.
- ④ 시간이 지날수록 인터넷 투표를 하는 사람 수가 증가했다.
- ⑤ 오늘 날 많은 사람들이 은행 업무를 온라인으로 본다.

[14~15] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

A car company in Japan made a car with ①a. The car will soon be on the road. The car with feelings will talk to cars in traffic. The two lights on the front of the machine (A)is/are its eyes. When you are on the road and a driver is not nice to you, the car's eyes will go red. When you want (B)saying/to say "thank you," the car's eyes will smile a happy yellow. When you are sitting in a long line of traffic, your car can cry. How? Little white lights come on under (C)its/it's eyes. The horn makes different

noises for different feelings, too. Drivers can hear when you are happy, sorry, angry or bored.

14. 빈칸 ㉠에 들어갈 적절한 단어 하나를 위 글에서 찾아서 쓰시오. (10점)

15. Choose the correct words for (A), (B) and (C). (7점)

- | | (A) | | (B) | | (C) |
|---|-----|---|--------|---|------|
| ① | is | - | saying | - | its |
| ② | is | - | to say | - | its |
| ③ | are | - | saying | - | it's |
| ④ | are | - | to say | - | its |
| ⑤ | are | - | saying | - | it's |